

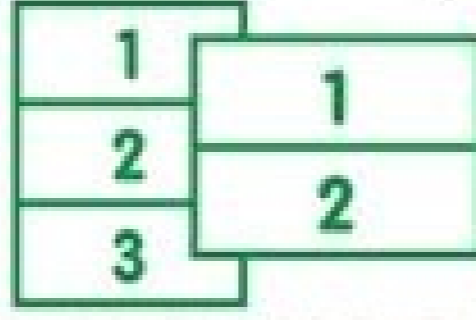
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6th Grade MATH

Common Core Vocabulary

WORD WALL CARDS

2 or 3 PER PAGE 4.25" x 11"
3.6" x 8.5"



ratio table

The ratio of hours to kilometers is 1 to 4.

hours	1	2	3	4
km	4	8	12	16

A ratio table is a table of equivalent ratios. The equivalent ratios can be made by multiplying or dividing.

Multiply by 2: $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{8}$ Multiply by 3: $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{12}$ Multiply by 4: $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{4}{16}$

denominator

The denominator is the number below the line in a fraction.

$\frac{4}{5}$ $\frac{7}{80}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{6}{2}$

The denominator tells us how many equal parts make up the whole.

substitution

Substitution allows you to evaluate an expression.

When you substitute, you replace variables with numbers.

$x = 4$
 $x^2 + xy = 4^2 + 4 \times 3 = 28$

$y = 3$
 $x^2 + xy = 4^2 + 4 \times 3 = 28$

quadrilateral

A polygon with four sides and four angles is a quadrilateral. The sum of the angles is always three hundred sixty (360) degrees.

parallelogram, square, rectangle, rhombus, kite

mean

Mean is a measure of center. Mean is the same as average. To calculate the mean, divide the sum of all the numbers in the data set by the number of elements in the data set.

$(a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n) / n$

DATA SET: 3, 5, 8, 9, 10

$3 + 5 + 8 + 9 + 10 = 35$
 $35 \div 5 = 7$

The mean of this data set is 7.

tape diagram

A tape diagram uses rectangles to model the two quantities of a ratio.

In a delivery truck, the ratio of apples to oranges is 5:3. The total number of apples and oranges is 120.

$120 \div (5 + 3) = 15$

There are 75 apples and 45 oranges on the truck.

From Steve's Classroom

Easy-to-use,
Common Core aligned,
classroom-proven
word wall cards for
6th Grade Math

They improve my
students' understanding
of math vocabulary!

Over 90 Cards!



The cards pictured here are 11" x 4.25", in a standard pocket chart (33 1/2" L x 42" H).

Color-coded! **6.RP** **6.NS** **6.EE** **6.G** **6.SP**

coordinate plane

The coordinate plane is a plane defined by the x axis and y axis. A coordinate plane can be used to graph equivalent ratios.

On a cat, the ratio of eyes to noses is 2 to 1.

eyes	2	4	6	8
noses	1	2	3	4

Ratios & Proportions

- coordinate plane
- double number line
- equation
- percent
- ratio
- ratio table (2)
- tape diagram
- unit price
- unit rate

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The Number System

- absolute value
- common factor
- coordinate plane
- denominator
- distributive property
- factor
- fraction
- greatest common factor
- inequality
- integer
- least common multiple
- magnitude

least common multiple

The multiples of 3 are: 3, 6, 9, 12, ...
The multiples of 4 are: 4, 8, 12, 16, ...

Multiples of 3: 3 → 6 → 9 → 12 → 15 → 18

Multiple

The Least Common Multiple (LCM) is the smallest multiple that is common to two numbers.

4 → 8 → 12 → 16 → 20
Multiples of 4

The LCM of 3 and 4 is 12.

- negative number
- number's opposite
- numerator
- More!

substitution

Substitution allows you to evaluate an expression.

When you substitute, you replace variables with numbers.

Given: $x^2 + xy$

Substitute: $x = 4$ $y = 3$

Evaluate! $4^2 + 4 \times 3 = 28$

- ### Expressions & Equations
- coefficient
 - dependent variable
 - equivalent expression
 - evaluate
 - exponent
 - expression
 - factor
 - formula (2)
 - graph
 - independent variable
 - number line diagram
 - operations
 - order of operations
 - product
 - quotient
 - sum
 - More!

equivalent expressions

Equivalent expressions are different expressions that are equal to each other.

$7(x - 3) = 7x - 21$

Expression Expression

Equivalent expressions are symbolized by an equal sign (=).

volume

Volume is a characteristic of three-dimensional figures. It is the amount space an object takes up.

The tissue box has a volume (v) of 16 unit cubes.

unit cube

- ### Geometry
- coordinate
 - coordinate plane
 - net
 - polygon
 - quadrilateral
 - right rectangular prism
 - right triangle
 - surface area
 - triangle
 - unit cube
 - vertex
 - volume

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A polygon with four sides and four angles is a quadrilateral. The sum of the angles is always three-hundred sixty (360).

parallelogram square rectangle rhombus kite trapezoid

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- ### Statistics & Probability
- box plot
 - center
 - data set
 - distribution
 - dot plot
 - histogram
 - interquartile range
 - mean
 - mean absolute deviation
 - median
 - measure of center
 - measure of variation
 - mode
 - observation
 - outlier
 - overall shape
 - More!

distribution

Distribution is a description of the overall shape of data gathered to answer a statistical question.

Left Distribution (Skewed Left)
Right Distribution (Skewed Right)
Uniform Distribution
Normal Distribution (Bell Curve)

Headings!

Half page and compact

6th Grade Math

Ratios & Proportions

The Number System

Expressions & Equations

Geometry

Statistics & Probability

Includes simple instructions for easy printing in a variety of sizes.

2 CARDS PER PAGE

3 CARDS PER PAGE

From Steve's Classroom

1st nine weeks

Dates	Reading (Literary or Informational)	Math	Science	Social Studies	Theme
August 27-31	Back to School CVC Short Vowels	OA: Word Problems 0-20	Forces and Motion: Sound	Civics: Citizenship	A Season for Chapters
September 3-7	Popplet CVCe	OA: Number Lines 0-20	Forces and Motion: Sound	Civics: Citizenship	A Season for Chapters
September 10-14	Henry & Mudge CVCe	OA: Addition 0-20	Forces and Motion: Sound	Civics: Communities	A Season for Chapters
September 17-21	Seasons CVCe	OA: Subtraction 0-20	Forces and Motion: Sound	Civics: Communities	A Season for Chapters
September 24-28	Weather r-controlled	MD: Picture/Bar Graphs	Forces and Motion: Sound	Civics: Government	A Season for Chapters
October 1-5	Poetry r-controlled	NBT: Word Problems 0-100	Forces and Motion: Sound	Civics: Government	A Season for Chapters
October 8-12	Magic Tree House r-controlled	NBT: Number Lines 0-100	Forces and Motion: Matter	History: Timelines	Exploring the West
October 15-19	Biographies Short Vowels	NBT: Addition 0-100	Forces and Motion: Matter	History: Timelines	Exploring the West
October 22-26	Tall Tales Short Vowels	NBT: Subtraction 0-100	Review 1 st Nine Weeks	Review 1 st Nine Weeks	Exploring the West



Math Pacing Guide

1 st 9 Weeks		2 nd 9 Weeks		3 rd 9 Weeks		4 th 9 Weeks	
Week 1	Place Value	Week 1	Multiplication & Division	Week 1	Fractions	Week 1	Volume
Week 2	Place Value	Week 2	Multiplication & Division	Week 2	Fractions	Week 2	Mass
Week 3	Rounding	Week 3	Multiplication & Division	Week 3	Fractions	Week 3	Review
Week 4	Addition & Subtraction	Week 4	Multiplication & Division	Week 4	Fractions	Week 4	Testing
Week 5	Addition & Subtraction	Week 5	Multiplication & Division	Week 5	Fractions	Week 5	Testing
Week 6	Addition & Subtraction	Week 6	Geometry	Week 6	Linear Measurement	Week 6	Culminating Activities
Week 7	Types of Story Prob.	Week 7	Geometry	Week 7	Area	Week 7	Culminating Activities
Week 8	Multiplication	Week 8	Geometry	Week 8	Area	Week 8	Culminating Activities
Week 9	Multiplication	Week 9	Elapsed Time	Week 9	Area and Perimeter	Week 9	Culminating Activities

When it comes to teaching first-grade students the common core standards of mathematics, there's no better way to practice than with worksheets geared toward repeatedly applying the same basic concepts such as counting, adding and subtracting without carrying, word problems, telling time, and calculating currency. As young mathematicians progress through their early education, they will be expected to demonstrate comprehension of these basic skills, so it's important for teachers to be able to gauge their students' aptitudes in the subject by administering quizzes, working one on one with each student, and by sending them home with worksheets like the ones below to practice on their own or with their parent. However, in some cases, students may require additional attention or explanation beyond what worksheets alone can offer—for this reason, teachers should also prepare demonstrations in class to help guide students through the coursework. When working with first-grade students, it's important to start from where they understand and work your way up, ensuring that each student masters each concept individually before moving on to the next topic. Click on the links in the rest of the article to discover worksheets for each of the topics addressed. One of the first things first graders have to master is the concept of counting to 20, which will help them quickly count beyond those basic numbers and begin to understand the 100s and 1000s by the time they reach the second grade. Assigning worksheets like "Order the Numbers to 50" will help teachers assess whether or not a student fully grasps the number line. Additionally, students will be expected to recognize number patterns and should practice their skills in counting by 2s, counting by 5s, and counting by 10s and identifying whether a number is greater than or less than 20, and be able to parse out mathematical equations from word problems like these, which may include ordinal numbers up to 10 in terms of practical math skills, the first grade is also an important time to ensure students understand how to tell time on a clock face and how to count U.S. coins up to 50 cents. These skills will be essential as students begin to apply two-digit addition and subtraction in the second grade. First-grade math students will be introduced to basic addition and subtraction, oftentimes in the form of word problems, over the course of the year, meaning they will be expected to add up to 20 and subtract numbers below fifteen, both of which won't require the students to re-group or "carry the one." These concepts are easiest understood through tactile demonstration such as number blocks or tiles or through illustration or example such as showing the class a pile of 15 bananas and taking away four of them, then asking the students to calculate then count the remaining bananas. This simple display of subtraction will help guide students through the process of early arithmetic, which can be additionally aided by these subtraction facts to 10. Students will also be expected to demonstrate a comprehension of addition, through completing word problems that feature addition sentences up to 10, and worksheets like "Adding to 10," "Adding to 15," and "Adding to 20" will help teachers gauge students' comprehension of the basics of simple addition. First-grade teachers may also introduce their students to a base-level knowledge of fractions, geometric shapes, and mathematical patterns, though none of them are required course material until the second and third grades. Check out "Understanding 1/2," this "Shape Book," and these additional 10 Geometry worksheets for late Kindergarten and Grade 1. When working with first-grade students, it's important to start from where they are. It is also important to focus on thinking concepts. For instance, think about this word problem: A man has 10 balloons and the wind blew 4 away. How many are left? Here's another way to ask the question: A man was holding some balloons and the wind blew 4 away. He only has 6 balloons left, how many did he start with? Too often we ask questions where the unknown is at the end of the question, but the unknown can also be put at the beginning of the question. Explore more concepts in these extra worksheets: Copyright © 2022 Savvas Learning Company LLC. All Rights Reserved. Savvas® and Savvas Learning Company® are the exclusive trademarks of Savvas Learning Company LLC in the US and in other countries. This file includes lesson plan boxes that can easily be cut and pasted into your lesson plan book. You can use it as a simple guide for your lessons, for your pacing calendar, or to paste in your lesson plan binder/book. Great for a Danielson artifact! Includes: -topic name -CCLS standards -skill & strategy -Differentiation -Assessment -Topics 1-15 Looking to make your life easier this year? Look no further! This bundle has everything you will need and more for teaching 2nd grade math using Common Core State Standards. Included in this bundle will be: -The pacing guide -The break down and explanation of how the clusters are used in the pacing guide -What is included in the bundle of all the tests -How to use this resource page These tests include the following standards: 1 Step- word problems 2 Step word problems Odd and Even Numbers Skip Count! This packet was created following NC Common Core State Standard for 2nd Grade and is set up to follow Envisions Math 2.0. It does not have to be used with Envisions though! Along with the tests, I have included the pacing guide I created to show you when I would use this and how I would use this. What I like about this is that throughout the pacing guide there are revisits of the standards, it is not just a one and done pacing guide. The standards are also broken down so that students are learning Types: Sample Pacing Guide- First Grade by The following is a sample pacing guide that I use with my curriculum at my school. Curriculum Used: Reading: Journeys Math: EnVision Science & Social Studies: National Geographic, however I use many supplementals as well Phonics: The Phonics Dance by Ginny Dowd If you have any questions on any curriculum or material I use, please feel free to email me: rsk16@zips.uakron.edu Subjects: enVisions Math- Overview by This is an overview of the mini and big bundles I will be posting. These will be pre and post tests created to go along with enVisions Math for 2nd grade. I created this packet because I did not like the options for testing that were given to me that went along with the enVisions math. What is attached in this freebie is something that students can use to help build their knowledge of the skills learned in 2nd grade math instead of testing them on the whole standard at once. What I like about this introduction to EXPONENTS by This product is a 100% EDITABLE Google Slides Presentation that I use in my 5th grade classroom while tackling the first trimester of our math program! We use Envisions Math however, this is a very general lesson that INTRODUCES EXPONENTS! It serves as a wonderful first lesson to showing 5th graders what exactly exponents are, how they serve as a "Shortcut" to repeated multiplication, as well as showing what the 3 Forms of Exponents are! **READ BELOW FOR VIRTUAL LEARNING OPTIONS! What's in the Place Value & Number Forms by This product is a 100% EDITABLE Google Slides Presentation that I use in my 5th grade classroom while tackling the first chapter of our math program! We use Envisions Math however, this is a very general lesson that reviews PLACE VALUE & NUMBER FORMS! It serves as a wonderful review for what they "should" recall from 3rd & 4th grade while also giving them their first glimpse of decimal place value! **READ BELOW FOR VIRTUAL LEARNING OPTIONS! What's in the Google Slide Presentation: I alva Math Topic Planning Guide by Do you feel like all of your math materials are in a million different places? Is it overwhelming to think of planning your next math unit? Use this Math Topic Planning Guide to keep yourself organized and prepared for your math instruction! I created this with the Pearson EnVision series in mind, but I also tried to keep it as generic as I could in order for it to be used with other math series. In this pack, you will receive BLANK planning pages for: -A Cover page to list topic, dates, showing 1-21 of 21+ results Why enVision New York © 2020?? Hoping to help your first-grader with math skills? Here are some basic tips that experts suggest. Learn math from everyday objects Your child can build an understanding of addition, subtraction, and the other math concepts they are learning in first grade by playing with everyday objects. Use items that your child enjoys playing with, such as Legos, and place them into two groups of unequal number. Place the larger grouping on the left to develop the habit your child will need later for subtracting from left to right. Next, ask your child to add objects to the smaller group from the larger group until your child counts the same number in both groups. As with all math activities, don't push it if your child resists, since math development varies greatly from child to child and your child may just not be ready for certain concepts. Count with Items Count using items like blocks, pennies, and candy. Have some items handy for counting by ones and by tens. You can use interlocking blocks that allow students to connect two blocks to three blocks to represent 2 + 3. Use regular household items like pennies for counting by ones, and dimes for counting by tens. Develop estimation skills When things are stored or poured into varying size containers you have an opportunity to build your child's concept of estimation and quantity. At breakfast, ask their which bowl has more and which has less cereal. Ask them to compare the different amounts of the same liquid in three clear glasses by lining them up from least to most full. To build your child's vocabulary of comparisons, after successful practice use measuring cups with numbers. Ask their what your child notices about the number each liquid reaches in the measuring cup when they are lined up in sequence from least to most and then from most to least full. Read math problems aloud Help your child by reading math problems aloud slowly and carefully, so your child can hear the problem and think about what is being asked. If your child can read, have them read them. Use real money Children become so accustomed to seeing their parents pay with credit and debit cards that counting actual money can be an unfamiliar practice. Engage your child in the transaction of buying things at the store, allowing them to pay with cash and to count the change. This will help not only with their math skills but will foster an understanding of the concepts of saving and spending. Reward effort for math Speak positively about math and reward effort, rather than grades or ability. Think about how important reading is and how we are told to model this behavior for our children. We need to place math in the same category. Don't discount the importance of math by saying, "I'm not a math person. I was never good at math." Help your child read books that incorporate math, such as "Millions of Cats" by Wanda Gag or "On Beyond a Million" by David Schwartz. Use analog clocks Go pre-digital with time. Reading time on a digital clock is vastly different than on a clock with a face. First grade standards focus on telling time to the hour and half hour, so have some old-fashioned analog clocks around your house as your child is learning to tell time. Consider giving their a wristwatch with a face, rather than a digital display. Keep a calendar at home Keep a calendar displayed in your home. Review the days of the week with your child and encourage their to count down the number of days until an event they are anticipating. Play games with simple math Play a game in the car using simple addition or subtraction. For example: I'm thinking of a number that equals seven when it is added to three. What number is that? Look for opportunities to play simple addition and subtraction games, for example, while they are eating, with the number of items on their plate. Play math games with math vocabulary Play a mind-reader game. Think of a number for your child to guess. After each guess respond with the words "higher" or "lower." At different times use the words "more" or "less" so your child learns different arithmetic vocabulary. This game helps their correlate the number words and counting sequence with actual amounts or sizes. Play family math games Plenty of family games incorporate math. Tic-tac-toe, Connect Four, and dominoes are just some of the many games that help build math skills. To find out what your first-grader will be learning in math class, check out our first grade math skills page. Parent Toolkit resources were developed by NBC News Learn with the help of subject-matter experts, including Joyce Epstein, Director, Center on School, Family and Community Partnerships, Johns Hopkins University; Pamela Mason, Program Director/Lecturer on Education, Harvard Graduate School of Education; Denise Walston, Director of Mathematics, Council of the Great City Schools; Nell Duke, Professor, University of Michigan; Leanna Baker, Retired Math Teacher; Bon Crowder, Math Teacher and Blogger, MathFour.com; and Robin Schwartz, VP, Association of Teachers of Math of NYC, and align with the Common Core State Standards.

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